

Ecological state of the lake during restoration measures

- Macrophytes -



Aleksandra Bartosiewicz, Natalia Szymkowiak,
Anca-Elena Miron, Andreea-Irina Ursu, Anna
Elisabeth Lau and Sandra Taudt

Prof. Ryszard Gołdyn

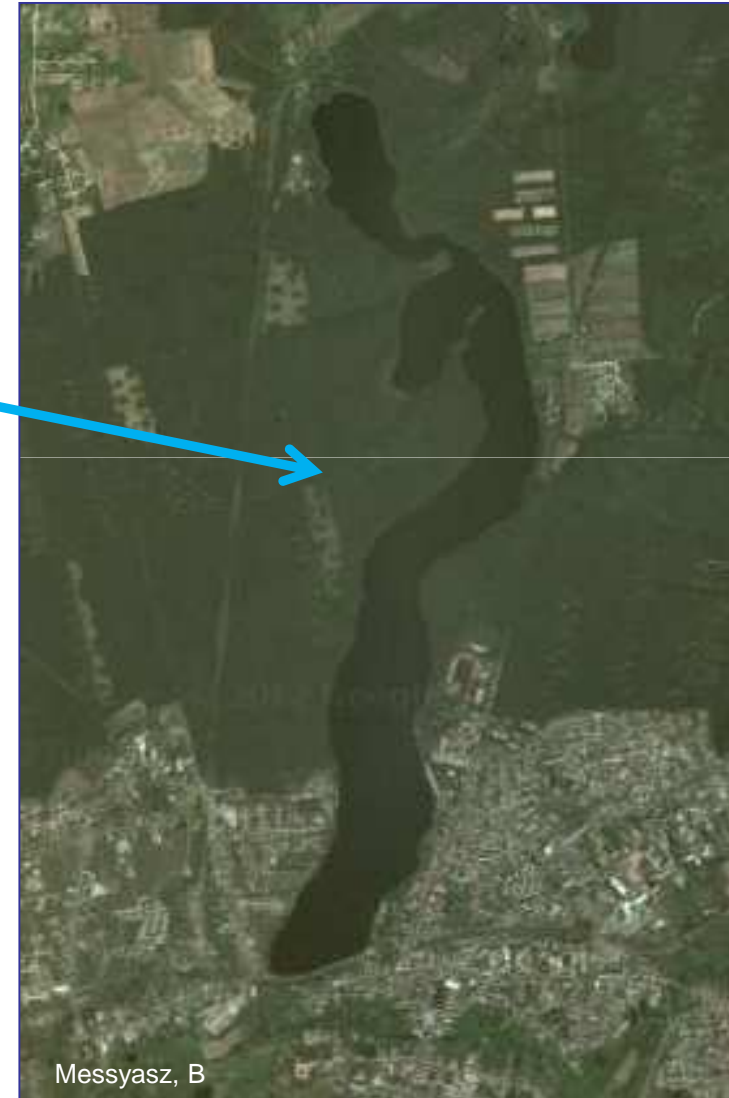
Poznań and Wągrowiec, 1-15 July 2012

I. Introduction



Lake Durowskie

- located in the western part of Poland
- attraction of Wagrowiec city



I. Introduction

- vacation resort
- touristic impacts and sewage discharges
→ water quality suffers

Issues

- eutrophic
- ecological

Measures

- two aerat
- biomanip



ease of pikes

I. Introduction

Purpose of this study

- investigate the ecological state of the Lake Durowskie
- this macrophyte study aims to address:
 1. What is the present trophic state in the lake and its tributaries?
 2. What is the trophic state trend from 2009 to now?
- comparison of results with Summer School data from 2009 - 2012

II. Methods

Table 1: *Vegetation coverage classes according to Braun-Blanquet (1928)*

| code | coverage % |
|------|------------|
| + | < 1 |
| 1 | 1-10 |
| 2 | 10 - 25 |
| 3 | 25 - 50 |
| 4 | 50 - 75 |
| 5 | > 75 |

II. Methods

Evaluation

- **ESMI index**
 - classification of the ecological state of deep stratified lakes
- **MIR index**
 - declare ecological state outflow river

Table 2: *Classification of the ecological state by ESMI and MIR index.*

| Ecological State | ESMI index | MIR index |
|------------------|---------------|-------------|
| very good | 0,680 - 1,000 | $\leq 44,5$ |
| good | 0,340 - 0,679 | 44,5 - 35,0 |
| moderate | 0,170 - 0,339 | 35,0 - 25,4 |
| poor | 0,090 - 0,169 | 25,4 - 15,8 |
| bad | $< 0,090$ | $< 15,8$ |

III. Results & Discussion

Definition macrophytes

- aquatic plants, growing in or near water
- emerged, submerged or floating
- sediment and litter accumulation → growth potential
- large biomass production

Function as indicator

- long-term indicators
- beneficial because providing habitat and food for fish and substrate for aquatic invertebrates
- land - water ecotone
- associations occur dependent on nutrient status

III. Results & Discussion

- number of associations varied between 15 and 17 from 2009 to 2011
 - Acoretum calami
 - Butenetum umbellati
 - Caricetum ripariae
 - Elecharitetum palustrae
 - Glycerietum maximae
- 16 associations occurred at Durowskie Lake (2012)
 - Myriophyllum spicatum
 - Numpharo-Nymphaeetum albae
- Caricetum acutiformis disappeared
 - Phalaridetum asundinaceae
 - Phragmitetum communis
 - Potametum pectinati
 - Potametum perfoliati
 - Scirpetum lacustris
 - Sparganium erecti
 - Thelypteridi-Phragmitetum
 - Typhetum angustifoliae
 - Typhetum latifoliae

III. Results & Discussion

Dominant associations:

Nupharo-Nymphaceetum albea



III. Results & Discussion



Potamogeton perfoliatus

- serve as breeding area for water birds



Phragmites communis

- occurs in eu- / mesotrophic water

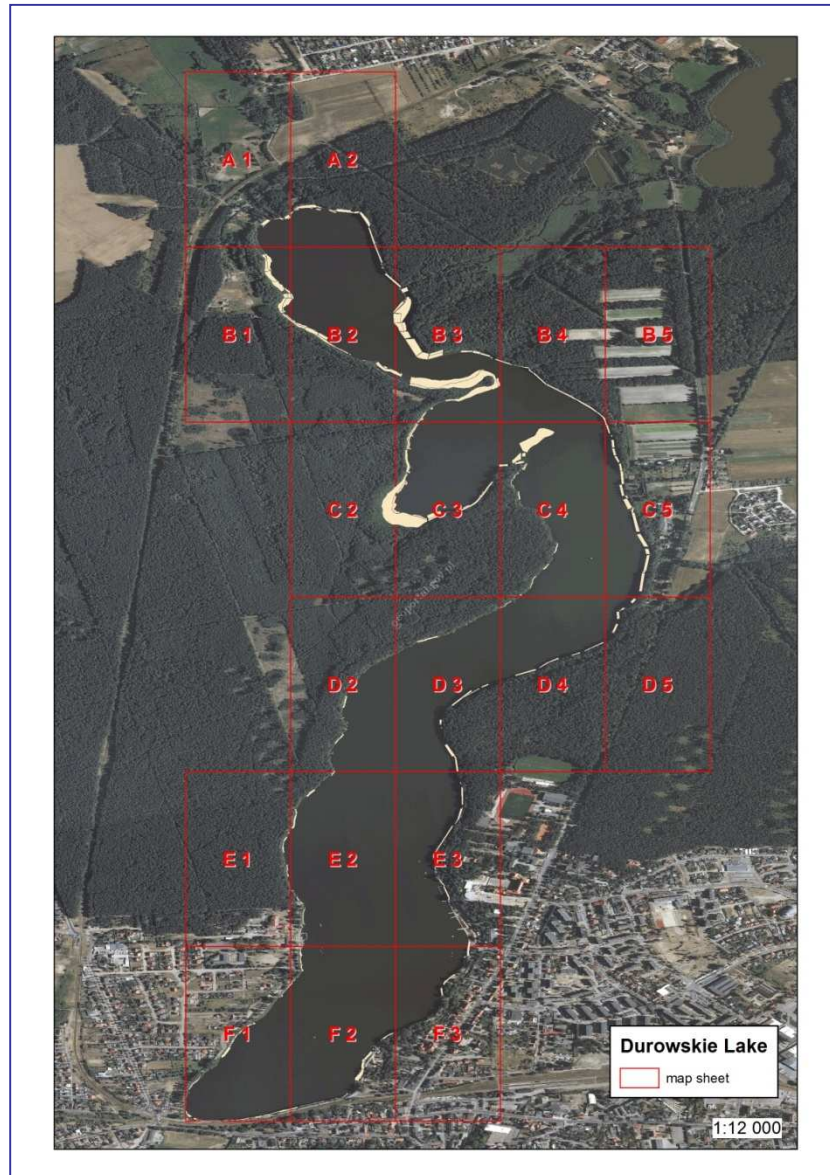
III. Results & Discussion

Typhetum angustifoliae



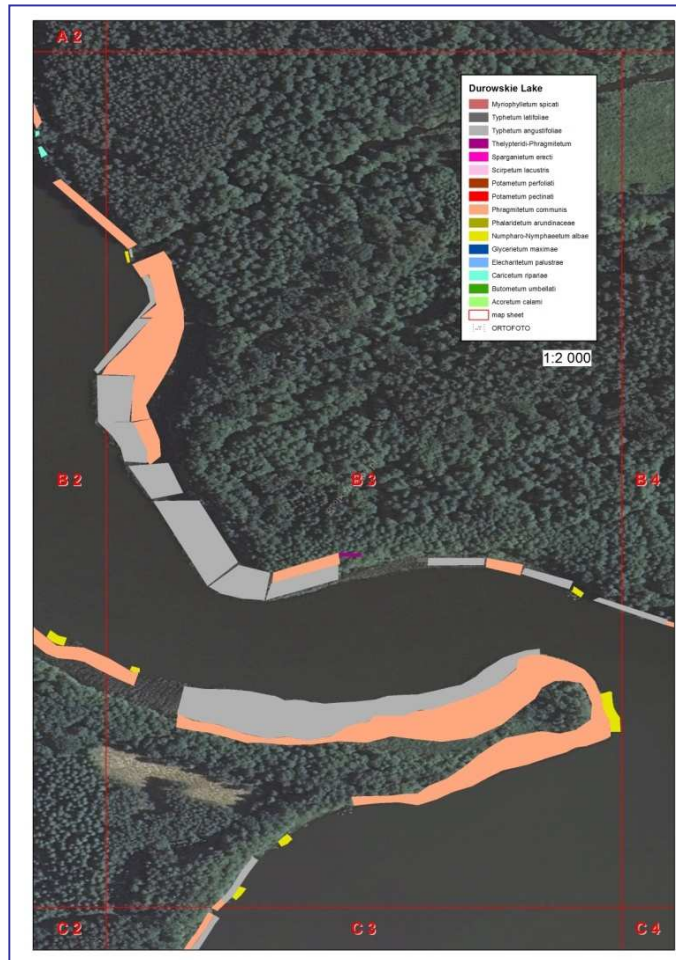
(Photo from www.patchworkpermaculture.net)

III. Results & Discussion

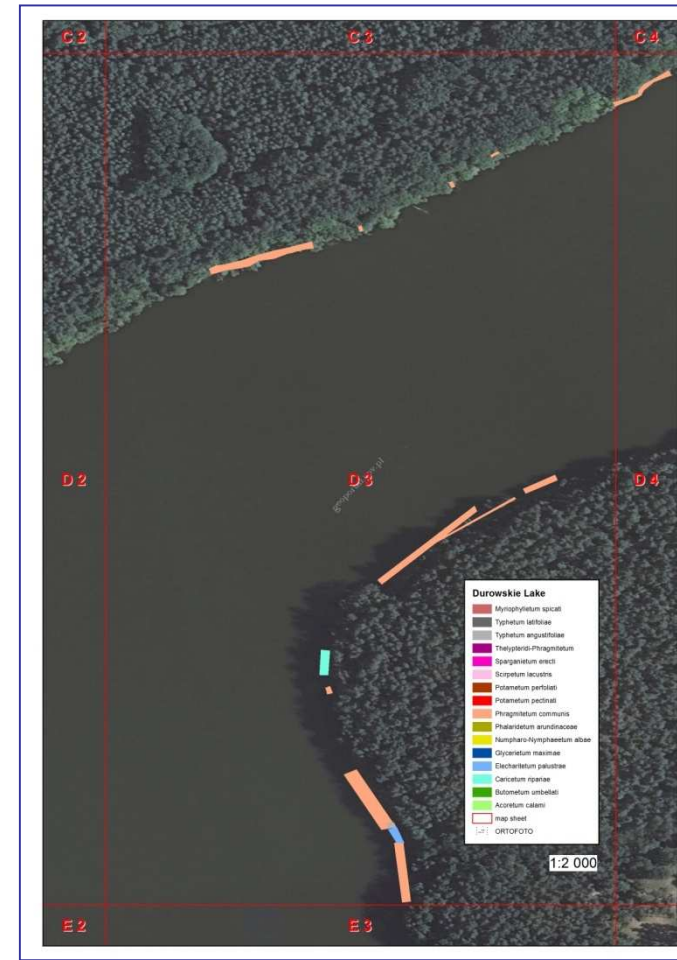


created map allows a
general view of
Durowskie Lake

III. Results & Discussion



North of the lake



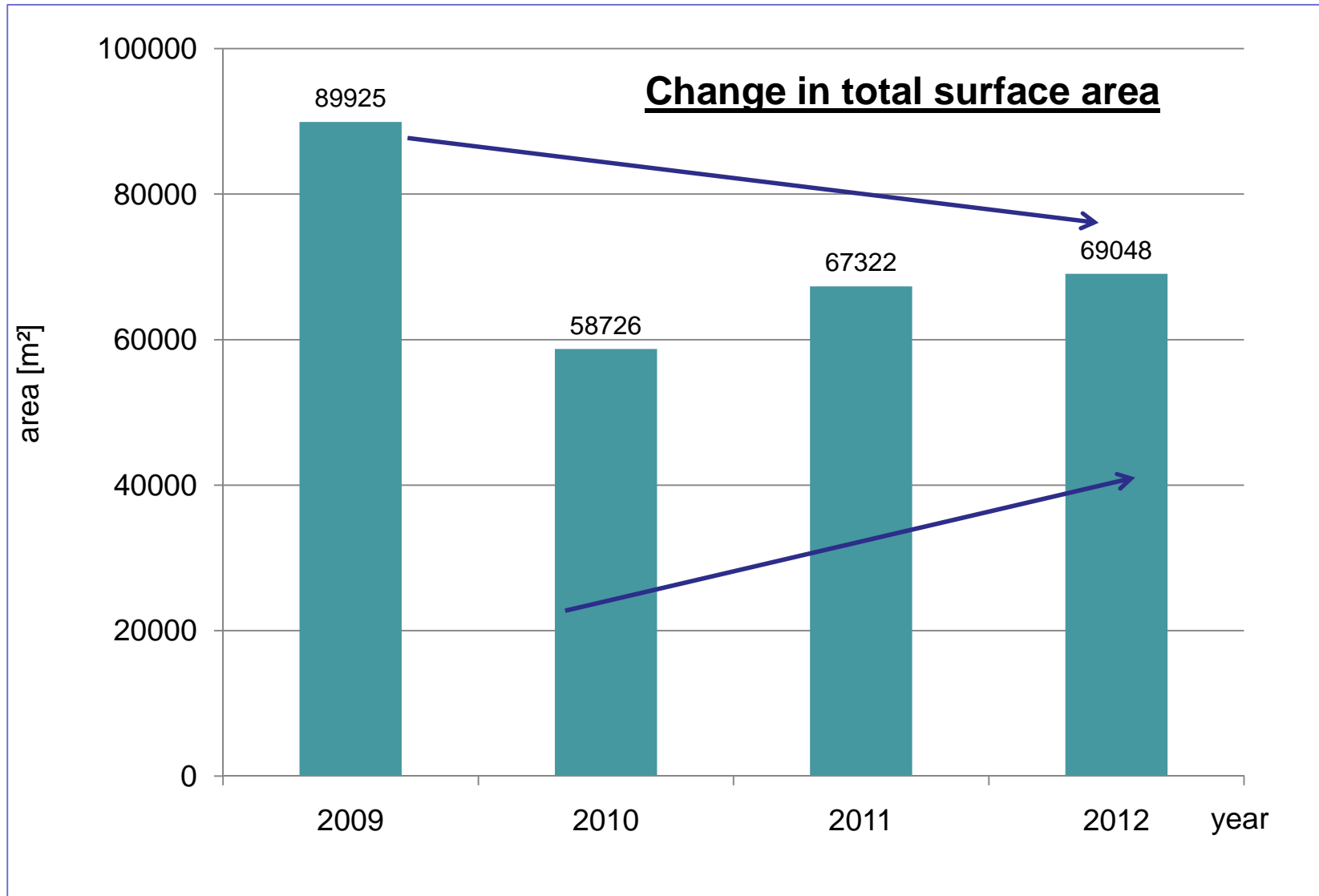
Middle of the lake

III. Results & Discussion

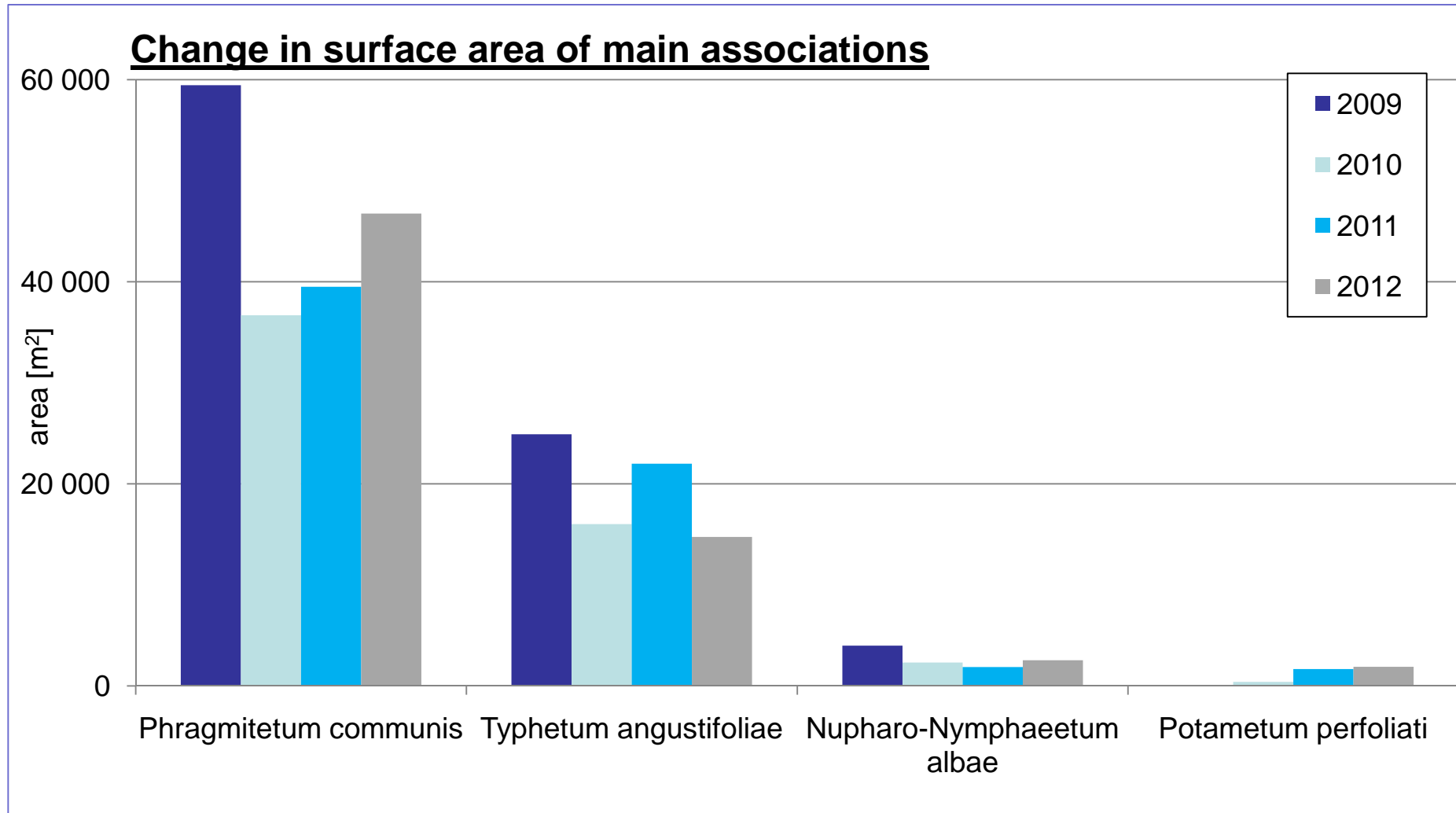


South of the lake

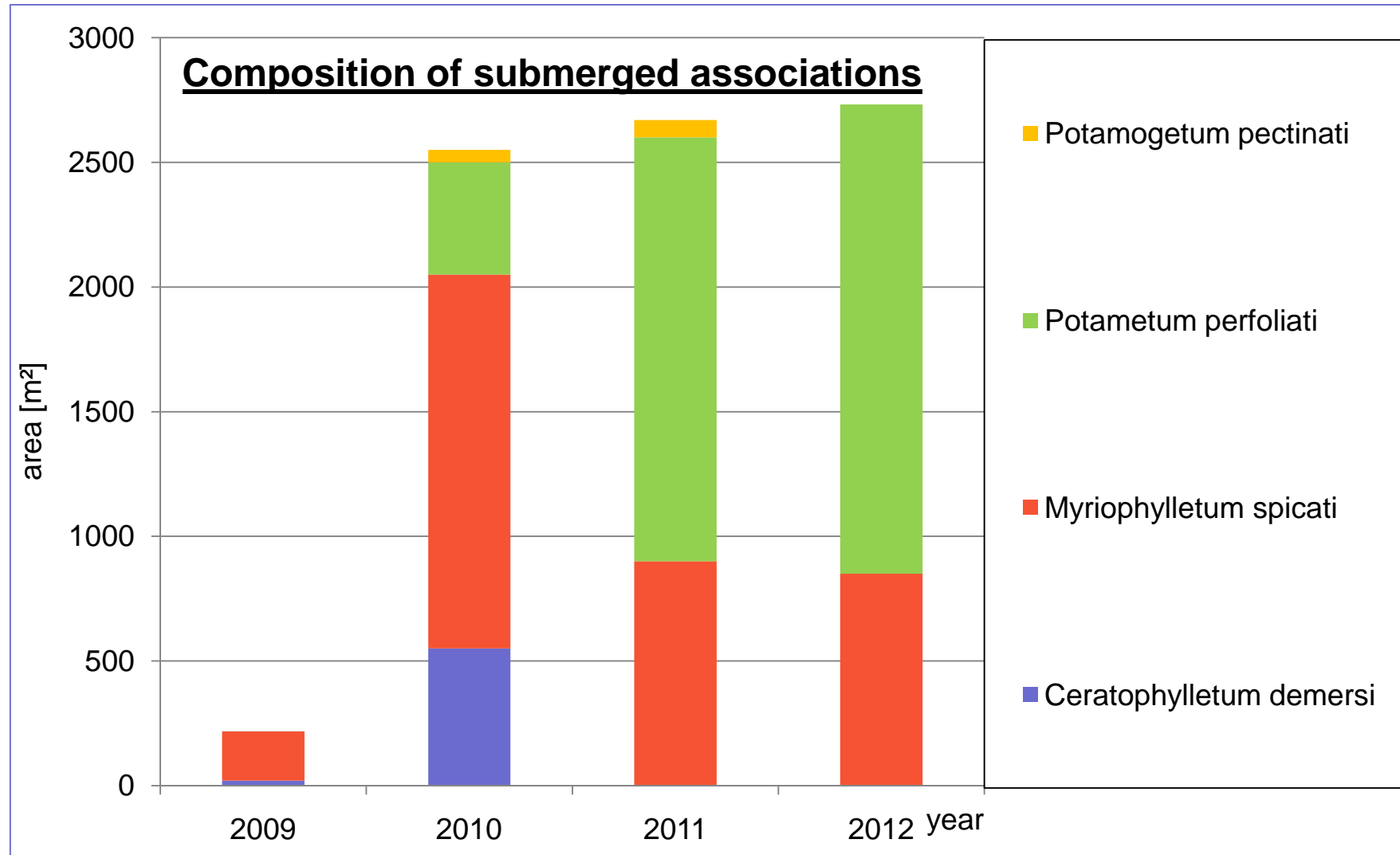
III. Results & Discussion



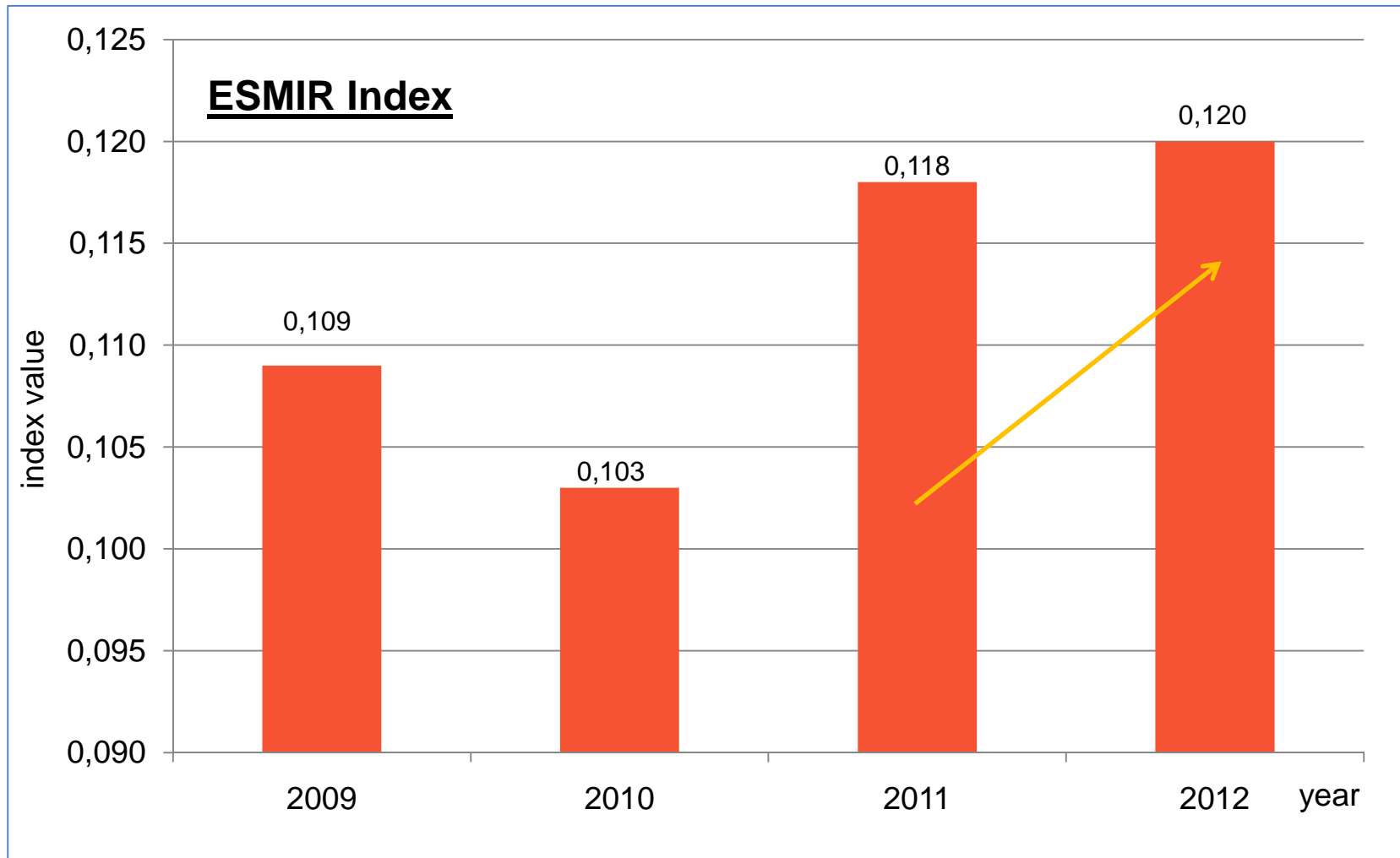
III. Results & Discussion



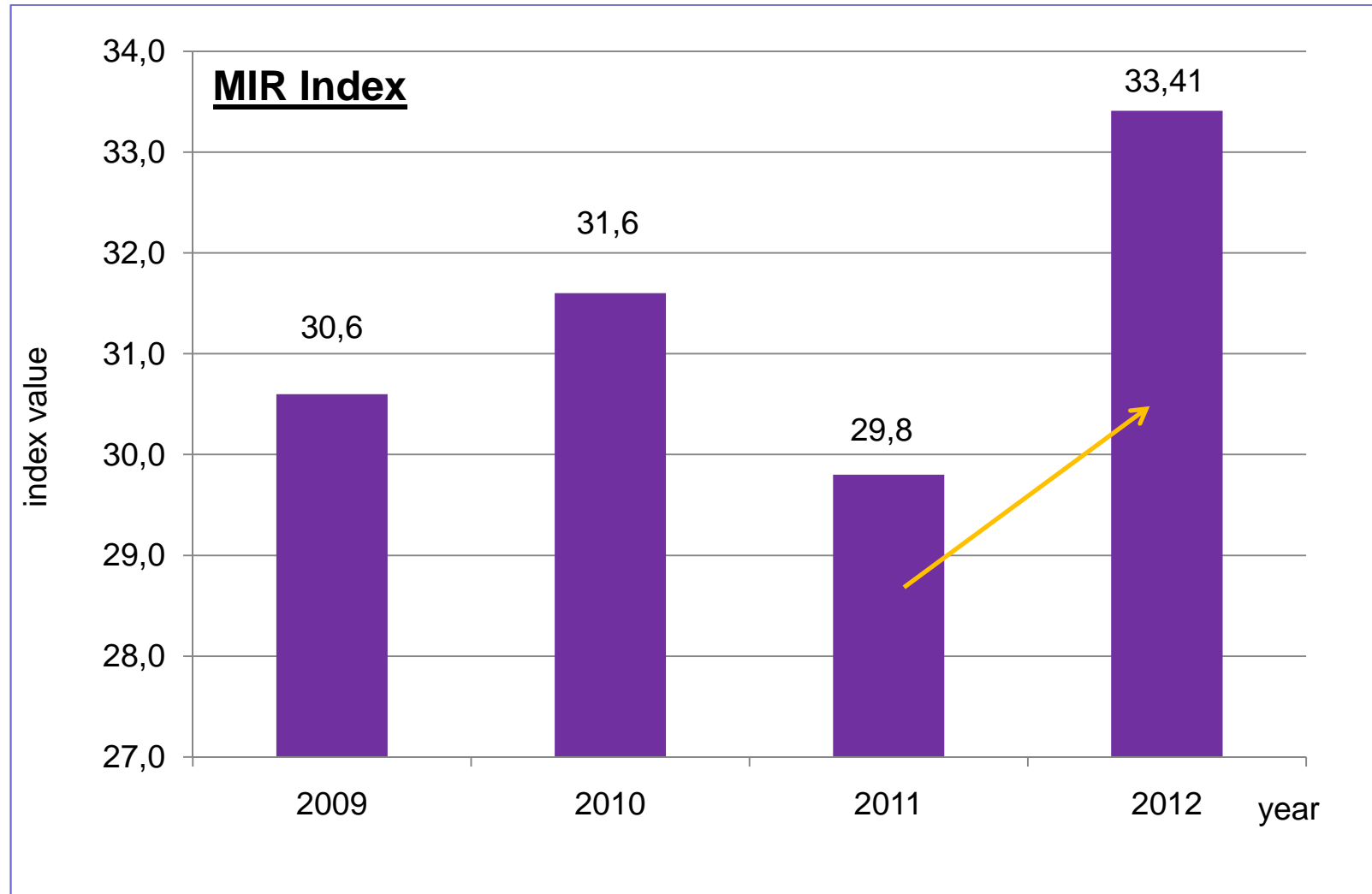
III. Results & Discussion



III. Results & Discussion



III. Results & Discussion



III. Results & Discussion

- *ESMI Index (0.12)* → slightly higher than previous years, still “poor“
- *MIR index (33.41)* → higher value than previous years, still “moderate“

Table 2: *Classification of the ecological state by ESMI and MIR index.*

| Ecological State | ESMI index | MIR index |
|------------------|---------------|-------------|
| very good | 0,680 - 1,000 | $\leq 44,5$ |
| good | 0,340 - 0,679 | 44,5 - 35,0 |
| moderate | 0,170 - 0,339 | 35,0 - 25,4 |
| poor | 0,090 - 0,169 | 25,4 - 15,8 |
| bad | $< 0,090$ | $< 15,8$ |

V. Conclusion

- slight improvements of indices, but still out of good ecological status
- association composition show sustained eutrophic state
- human impact influences obviously macrophyte patterns (North \leftrightarrow South)
- increase of total surface area covered by macrophytes shows moderate longterm reaction

Thanks for your attention!!!



VI. References

- Braun-Blanquet, J., 1928. Pflanzensoziologische Grundzüge der Vegetationskunde. Springer Verlag, Berlin, Germany.
- Kłosowski, S., Kłosowski, G., 2007. Rośliny wodne i bagienne. Multico Ofic. Wydaw , 336.
- Melzer, A., 1999. Aquatic macrophytes as tools for lake management. Hydrobiologia , 181– 190.
- Messyasz, B., Pikosz, M., Szendzina, L., 2012. MATERIALS FOR PARTICIPANTS OF SUMMER SCHOOL. International Summer School RESTLAKE of Lake Durowskie .
- Miejski, U., 2012a. Location. Last checked: 10.07.2012. <http://www.wagrowiec.eu/en/polozenie/opis/>.
- Miejski, U., 2012b. Tourism. Last checked: 10.07.2012. <http://www.wagrowiec.eu/en/rekreacja/>.
- Podbielkowski, Z., Tomaszewicz, H., 1996. Za- rys hydrobotaniki. Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, Warszawa, Poland.
- Schaumburg, J., Schranz, C., Hofmann, G., Stel- zer, D., Schneider, S., Schmedtje, U., 2004. Macrophytes and phytobenthos as indicators of ecological status in german lakes - a con- tribution to the implementation of the water framework directive. Limnologica , 302 – 314.
- Water and Rivers Commission, 2011. Water quality and macroinvertebrates. Water facts 2.
- Wilczyński, S., 9:00 am, 3rd of July 2012. Wel- come meeting with the maior of Wangrowiec for Summer School 2012. oral.